

BINGHAM MINE DEAL

Bond and Lease on Bully Boy For \$25,000.

TO KENTUCKY SYNDICATE

PROPERTY TO BE EXTENSIVELY DEVELOPED.

Dr. King Will Join With His Associates In Sale of the Dixie Mine—Rich Shipment From the Dexter—Bingham Mines Visited—Big Showing In Red Wing.

A syndicate of Kentucky capitalists, headed by M. Dougherty of Louisville, have closed a deal for a bond and lease on the Bully Boy group at Bingham. The papers were signed last Saturday, and the purchase price named is \$25,000. Under the conditions of the bond, the syndicate has ninety days to make certain explorations and perform certain work upon the property. At the expiration of the stated time, if it is decided to take up the bond, a payment of \$12,500 is to be made.

The property is located in the south end of the West Mountain mining district, lying between the Condor and the silver shield groups, adjoining the Niagara ground, now owned by the United States Mining company.

Mr. Dougherty came down from the property Sunday afternoon, and it is understood that the intention of himself and associates to begin the development of the ground very soon on a large scale.

From a gentleman who was on the ground a few days ago, it is learned that the property has a good showing of ore, with favorable indications of developing into something very big.

BACK FROM CALIFORNIA.

Dr. King Will Join His Associates In the Dixie Sale.

Having accomplished the object of his trip, Dr. J. C. E. King returned yesterday from a trip to California, where he went to look after some mining interests. The doctor has a happy faculty of getting into good things in the shape of mines occasionally, and although he would not admit it, it is generally understood among his friends that he has a free millinery in the state in Sierra county, California, that has just as good chances of becoming a big bonanza as the Dixie copper mine, in which he owns a one-third interest.

A new five-stamp mill is in course of getting into good things in the shape of mines occasionally, and although he would not admit it, it is generally understood among his friends that he has a free millinery in the state in Sierra county, California, that has just as good chances of becoming a big bonanza as the Dixie copper mine, in which he owns a one-third interest.

Speaking of the prospective Dixie mine, Dr. King said he had had a few moments' talk with Messrs. Griffith and O'Meara yesterday in reference to it, but no steps have been taken towards its development. If by H. E. Dunn, a stockholder in the company.

The mine is equipped with a modern steam hoist, which was selected by Manager Ed. Lewis. The old donkey hoist, which gave way to the new one, has been placed in the tunnel level, and is being used in the sinking of a winze on the ore body, which is said to contain streaks that are of a high-grade class.

The mine has been a producer in the earlier days, and the present owners feel confident that a little more development will open into some ore bodies that will rank with either of the Swansons, which are near neighbors to the Silver Park.

ABOUT THE DAISY.

No Action Has Been Taken Towards Enlargement of Mill.

The story printed in a contemporary last week that the Daisy Mining company had decided to enlarge its present mill and put in a set of air compressors is an aggregation of misstatements.

No meeting of the directors was held last Friday, as the paper stated there would be, and no meeting will be held until one is called by President Tibbals, who says no action has been taken towards making any changes.

The matter of enlarging the plant has been talked of among the directors occasionally, but no definite plan for the future has been laid out, officially or otherwise.

Since the statement published has been copied by other papers, the directors feel that the public should know the facts, as such inaccuracies are apt to create harmful impressions.

DEXTER PRODUCT.

Shipment of Cyanides and Bullion Comes In.

The Dexter company received a shipment of gold bullion and cyanides yesterday. The bullion is estimated to have a value of \$4,000, and the batch of cyanides, it is claimed, will bring the company at least \$2,000.

With the mine equipped as it is with all the most modern machinery and with new ore bodies being opened up, the property promises to make a great record before the close of the year.

DEER LODGE NOTES.

Nevada District Shows Up Well With Development.

Ben Johnson, the well known mining operator in the Deer Lodge district in Nevada, has arrived from camp, and will remain several days, looking after some business matters. He says considerable work is in progress in the district, and several properties are showing up very satisfactory.

The Ross company recently made a shipment of talc and quartz which went well in gold and silver.

The Independence company is doing some work, and has just completed the survey of their claims for silver.

The claims are the Fitzhugh Lee, Sigbee and Marx.

TRIP TO BINGHAM.

Party From Salt Lake Visits Mines of That Camp.

A party consisting of Professor W. H. Tibbals, C. N. Strevel, C. C. Higgins and several others went out to Bingham yesterday and spent the day in looking over the Red Wing and Liberal mines. When seen last night Professor Tibbals said, "I have never been to such a surprise in his life."

"The ore bodies are simply immense," he said, "and are too big to talk about with any accuracy, as a person must see the mine to arrive at any conception of its size."

The professor has not visited the mine for several months, and although he knew there had been a big ore body disclosed, yet he could hardly realize what he saw yesterday was true. Manager McCarrick has changed the old order of governing, and under his direction the mine has been systematically developed.

Last fall the Jumbo stope was started, combined with a few drifts and raises. Today, in this stope, a body of ore is being mined, which measures fifty feet across and forty feet high, with no telling how deep below or how high it goes above the vast chamber, out of which 5,000 tons of millings are being extracted and concentrated, besides that taken out to make up several shipments. So far neither wall has been exposed, and with the ore in evidence, the size of the ore bodies is a problem.

The mill is operating successfully and about forty tons of concentrates are ready to be sent down to the smelter.

Professor Tibbals says there is room in the mine now to operate with a force of 500 men.

In speaking of the Liberal, the professor said it is looking very encouraging; the lower tunnel has reached the length of 400 feet, and a very fine confidence that pay ore will be encountered within the next thirty days.

The party also visited the Puritan ground, which has some indications of making a mine. No work is being done on the property at present, but details are being arranged to secure a patent for the ground.

AMONG MERCUR MINE.

Daisy Development—Golden Gate Extension Shaft.

(Special Correspondence.)
Mercur, July 24.—Under the management of A. H. Murphy, the Daisy is doing better than ever before. While the mine has been kept running, the principal work in the mine has been in opening up new ground, so that it will be ready to furnish a large tonnage of ore to the smelter.

The putting in of an air compressor, and the introduction of power drills is part of the plan to increase the production, and this will be followed up by an increase in mill capacity.

The extension shaft on the Golden Gate Extension has reached a depth of sixty feet, and is going down as rapidly as three shifts can put it. It is expected that the electric hoist will soon be on the ground, and greater progress will be made. The work here is stirring up some of the other property-holders in that vicinity, and preparations are now being made to resume work.

The Great Eastern company, which has done nothing since the disappearance of Charles Webster last fall, are figuring on resuming operations at an early date, and will do considerable prospecting between now and the close of the year.

A force of men are at work on the Mollie mine, and will soon have the assessment work completed. It is probable that but little more work will be done before the hot weather has passed.

The indications are that the vein in the same as that found in the Overland, which it adjoins.

At the Northern Light a large shipment of electric hoist is being shipped for shipment, and the mill is grinding along on about thirty tons of ore daily. The leaching is very successful, and but a small quantity of the silver values are lost. The company treasury is in a good condition, but it is not probable that dividends will be paid until there is a good surplus on hand.

IN RENWICK'S CAMP.

Fine Showing of Ore In Several Prospects.

(Special Correspondence.)

Robinson, July 24.—Last evening Hank Neller, Joseph Epworth and Fred Renwick, three footsore, weary and disheartened prospectors in the Erickson district, have returned from a trip into camp just at sundown. The men have been out some weeks on a grubstake proposition, and report very favorable results, besides exhibiting some specimens of silver-lead ore taken from four of their claims at various depths, ranging from twelve to twenty-six feet. Mr. Epworth, who seemed particularly enthusiastic over the outlook in the Erickson country, assured the writer with much emphasis that for surface showings it eclipsed anything that had ever come under his observation in the twenty-five years spent among the crags and peaks. Two specimens in particular, taken from the Snowflake and Pearl claims, are remarkable for high percentage in lead, being what is known as cerussite. No tests have been made at all on any of the mineral, and judging from what Epworth said, the proposition may be considered concentrating ore, pure and simple, but susceptible of astonishing results. The gentleman said that the vein traversing the Erickson area is massive, and can easily be traced for miles. After resting and replenishing their "larder," the men will return immediately to their diggings, known as "Renwick's camp."

GOLD BUG WORKINGS.

Evanson Men Who Are Pushing Its Development.

(Special Correspondence.)

Mercur, July 24.—A party from Evanson, Wyo., consisting of Charles Stone, J. H. Ward and L. Castor are in the Gold Bug. The three gentlemen are large stockholders and officers of the company, and they are figuring out the work which they propose doing this fall. There is a good showing in the property, and it is the intention to do extensive development work and get ready for putting the mine in the rank of producers.

In cross-cutting the vein at the 400-foot level a few days ago, a large body of oxidized ore was exposed, which shows good milling values, and appears to be of an extensive nature. The foot wall has not yet been reached, but it is the intention to commence drifting north and south as soon as the thickness of the vein can be ascertained.

Most of the distance from the surface the incline has been run in the hanging wall, and only at stated intervals cross-cuts across the vein have been made. The best ore shows better value, and a larger vein than at any point above.

THREE TO BE SHIPPERS.

(Special Correspondence.)

Eureka, July 24.—Three mining companies located here and being industriously pushed are attracting more than average attention just at present. Reference is made to the Eagle-Blue Bell, May Day and La Reine. The first two named are shippers, of have sent to market some exceptionally nice ore, and is generally known as a shipper.

The third is a shipper, not yet having sent any quantity of ore to market, the La Reine is known to be in a state of copper and silver ore, overlaid by a silver-lead capping that promises, inevitably, to open to big proportions. The three mines named are counted as sure shippers by early fall.

Black Jack Development.

(Special Correspondence.)

Mammoth, July 24.—The new shaft on the Black Jack group, owned by David Evans and Jesse Knight, at less than thirty feet in depth already begins to show promising characteristics. While the shaft is in the tunnel, the quartz ledge which stands out so boldly

Right!
The most costly baking powder to make is Schilling's Best—but no money is wasted in making it.

ALL OVER THE BOUNDARY

UNITED STATES HAS NO FEAR OF A RESORT TO ARMS.

Believes That the Question Will Be Settled By Mutual Concessions Being Made—English Papers Advise the Canadians to Assume a Little Less Belligerent Attitude.

Comstock's New Superintendent.

(Virginia Chronicle.)

Superintendent Joseph R. Ryan, formerly assumed charge of the Consolidated California & Virginia mine this morning, and with Manager Ross of the Comstock, Pumping association made a thorough inspection of the plant and underground workings today for the purpose of familiarizing himself with the situation.

There is now an accumulation in the bins of the ore house at the C. & V. shaft several hundred tons of ore, and shipments to the Morgan mill will probably be made next month. The opening up of the 180 level to prospect the downward extension of the ore discovery on the 1700, is progressing favorably, a full report of which will be made in the weekly Bulletin.

New York Mining Stocks.

Chollar 4.50 Ontario 4.50
Crown Point 1.50 Mexican 1.50
Con. Cal. & Va. 1.50 Quicksilver 2.10
Deedwood 1.50 Salsola 1.50
Hale & Norcross 2.50 Sierra Nevada 2.50
Homestake 1.50 Standard 2.50
Mexican 1.50 Yellow Jacket 3.00

San Francisco Mining Stocks.

San Francisco, July 24.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks today were as follows:
Alpha Con. 1.10 Wash. Con. 1.10
Andes 1.10 Mexican 1.10
Belcher 1.10 Salsola 1.10
Best & Belcher 1.10 Salsola 1.10
Bullion 1.10 Salsola 1.10
California 1.10 Salsola 1.10
Challenger Con. 1.10 Salsola 1.10
Chollar 1.10 Salsola 1.10
Con. Cal. & Va. 1.10 Salsola 1.10
Crown Point 1.10 Salsola 1.10
Eureka Con. 1.10 Salsola 1.10
Gould & Curry 1.10 Salsola 1.10
Hale & Norcross 1.10 Salsola 1.10
Julia 1.10 Salsola 1.10

Boston Mining Stocks.

Adventure 3.00 Osceola 3.00
Alvord M. Co. 1.50 Parrot 1.50
Atlantic 1.50 Quincy 1.50
B. & M. 1.50 Salsola 1.50
Butte & Bond 1.50 Tamarack 1.50
Calumet & H. S. 1.50 Winona 1.50
Centerville 1.50 Volcanos 1.50
Finkley 1.50 Utah 1.50
Humboldt 1.50

Mining Notes.

Glen R. Bothwell expects to visit Bingham today.
The Sacramento dividend of \$5,000 will be distributed a week from today.
G. F. Dalton expects to leave for Marysville tomorrow to look after mining interests there.

P. C. R. Allen and A. T. Moon made an examination of the Silver Shield at Bingham yesterday.
William Hatfield returned yesterday from the Erickson district, having returned from mining interests for several days.

Hartwig A. Cohen of Captain De La Mar's staff, was in Bingham yesterday to look over affairs at the Wall No. 2 group.

E. E. Diehl, editor of the Mammoth Record, returned yesterday from a trip into the northwest country. He attended a meeting of the editors held in Portland, Ore.

George Silks, who is pushing work on the Ajax-Mammoth Extension at Tuttle, is in the city. He says things are moving along nicely and prospects look good for a big mine.

Dr. M. N. Buck and A. L. Morris, who are working a lease on the Saunders group at Bingham, have returned from camp. They expect to have a shipment of ore in the market soon.

It is almost an assured fact that the Wyoming Southern railroad will be running into Saratoga, Wyo., by Oct. 1. This will furnish an outlet for the Enchantment country which has several paying mines in operation.

Varian T. Strange has returned from a trip to the Knickerbocker group in Parry's canyon. He states the property is being developed by a shaft in one place and in another a tunnel is being run to intercept the vein, which has a favorable showing of copper.

The Placerville mine, five miles east of Baker City, Ore., is to resume operations on a large scale. The owners of the property have been developing the mine during the last few months, but now the mill is to be started up in earnest. This new mine is being run by Lake parties who have interests there.

Rawlins (Wyo.) Journal: "The strike recently made on the Ledbetter property on Fox creek, is not the richest yet made in the camp by any means," said a prominent mining man to a Journal reporter. "It is a good showing, but the ore will have to be concentrated to make the mill pay."

W. E. Hubbard & Co.
Mines, dividend paying and investment stocks, 78 W. 2nd St. Tel. 173.
P. J. Conway & Co., Stock Brokers, 15 West Second South Street.

Parties desiring to visit the Tintic district can reserve conveyances or saddle horses by telephoning the Robinson transfer office at Mammoth, Utah. Ferguson, Manager.

All parties holding shares in the Morgan Mining company of Park City, are urged to send their shares to C. L. Root, secretary, at the Ontario office, will receive pay for the same.

Herald readers should take the Mining Review, Utah's leading mining paper, Box 390, Salt Lake City.

The London Biograph.

Saltair every evening free.

An Oil Well Trust.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 24.—It is reported here today that an oil well trust is being formed to take in all the oil properties thus far developed in the Volcanos and Whittier districts. W. L. Hardison is said to be endeavoring to secure options upon all the properties and to be backed by the Union Oil company. It is proposed to incorporate the new company with a capitalization of \$20,000.

Piles Are Universal.

One person in every four has some form of rectal trouble. Remedies are plenty, but there is one remedy only that radically cures the most stubborn cases. Tabber's Buckeye Pile Ointment cures hemorrhoids, itching and protruding piles, no matter how old or serious the case may be. No pain, no operation, no loss of time and no trifling expense. If your case is serious you must choose between surgery or Buckeye Pile Ointment. The latter is the surest, safest, in bottles, 50 cents.

Sold by Z. C. M. L. Drug Department.

WILFRIED LAURIE W. CANADA

Sir Wilfrid Laurie's Warlike Talk Stirs Up Much Comment.

ALL OVER THE BOUNDARY

UNITED STATES HAS NO FEAR OF A RESORT TO ARMS.

Believes That the Question Will Be Settled By Mutual Concessions Being Made—English Papers Advise the Canadians to Assume a Little Less Belligerent Attitude.

New York, July 24.—A special to the Herald from Washington says:

There will be neither war nor arbitration over the Alaskan boundary dispute. It will be settled by amicable agreement, both the United States and Great Britain making concessions. This is the view expressed by an official having much to do with the pending negotiations.

Referring to Sir Wilfrid Laurie's speech in the Canadian house of commons, in which the Canadian premier declared there were only two ways by which the difficulty could be settled, arbitration or war, the official said significantly:

"Sir Wilfrid is simply stating to the Canadian parliament the recognized methods by which civilized nations settle controversies. There are three methods: First, by mutual agreement; second, by a resort to arbitration; third, by war. Sir Wilfrid has neglected to mention the first and most important of these methods."

It is recognized by the administration that the boundary question is a difficult one, as are other questions pending between Canada and the United States, but it is not regarded as impossible of adjustment in a neighborly spirit.

The American miners and the Canadian government as well as the United States and Great Britain. Some of the questions at issue are more or less independent of the boundary question, but there was reason to hope a final settlement of the boundary controversy might grow out of this relation between the pending questions.

There Will Be Concessions.

The official who made the suggestion would not say which nation would probably make concessions on the boundary question, or concessions on some other point the other side would make in a neighborly spirit.

It is felt by officials of the administration that the exercise of considerable patience to work out a final solution of all the pending questions, such a solution will ultimately be reached in a friendly spirit, and without any clash or serious straining of relations between the two nations.

Senator Fairbanks, whose report on the Alaska boundary controversy, as prepared by his personal observations, has had great influence in determining the policy of the administration, would not discuss Sir Wilfrid Laurie's speech, nor would he discuss the policy of the present situation. It can be said, however, that Senator Fairbanks is firmly of the opinion that the boundary question can be settled by amicable agreement, if both sides will exercise patience.

SURPRISED AT LAURIE.

Regret In Canada That He Should Allude to Possibility of War.

New York, July 24.—A special to the World from Toronto says: Professor Goldwin Smith, after reading Premier Laurier's speech upon the Alaskan boundary dispute, said:

"I am surprised and sorry Sir Wilfrid should have alluded to the possibility of war over the Alaskan boundary question. It would be a disgrace to statesmanship if it were possible that war should break out between Great Britain and the United States about such a matter."

"The question is not pressing. All that is immediately wanted is some joint arrangement to be signed in the order of the disputed territory. After a little reflection and everybody has had time to cool, means will be found for a settlement of the question in an amicable way."

"I have thought from the beginning that it would have been better if the Alaskan question had not been mixed up with other questions, such as railway, fishing, and so on. It had nothing to do. Let the Alaskan boundary question be kept apart, and let the conference on commercial reciprocity proceed. The two things are entirely separate, and the more they are mixed together, the more they will get away from each other."

"There is a great deal of talk about general elections in Canada being held next fall. It is reported that the federal government has decided before Minister of Public Works Tarte left for England a few weeks ago to appeal to the country, and word comes from different provinces that operations are being made for general elections."

STANDS BY HIS STATEMENT.

Laurier Will Not Retract or Qualify One Single Word.

New York, July 24.—A special to the Herald from Ottawa says: Sir Wilfrid Laurie's speech in the house of commons relative to the Alaskan boundary dispute with the United States, has attracted great interest all over the Dominion, and it is everywhere regarded as of high significance and importance.

"My position in regard to this matter of the boundary dispute," said Sir Wilfrid Laurie tonight, "has not altered since I stated it on May 20. We are willing to refer the question to any commission of arbitration that would be acceptable to any civilized nation or set of honorable men."

"As to the order of reference, we maintain that the precedent set by the United States is one to which they should not in fairness object in this dispute, and that is the reference to the Venezuelan boundary dispute."

"My views upon the present unsatisfactory statement of negotiations looking toward submission of the question to arbitration were fairly set forth in the remarks I made in the house of commons yesterday. I cannot add anything to them, nor do I wish to retract or qualify one word which I uttered upon that occasion."

REFUSES TO TALK OF TROUBLE.

Sensor Fairbanks Silent As to Sir Wilfrid Laurie's Utterances.

Washington, July 24.—Senator Fairbanks, chairman of the American division of the high joint commission, made a brief call upon the president today, before starting for his home in Indiana, and declined to discuss the speech of Sir Wilfrid Laurie, or to remark upon the situation with reference to the boundary dispute. He confirmed the report already given out that he would not discuss the subject of the joint commission on Aug. 2, saying that he and Sir Wilfrid Laurie had last Friday agreed upon a postponement for an indefinite period.

The senator would not hazard a surmise as to when another meeting might be held. Direct negotiations respecting the Alaskan boundary are now in progress between Secretary Hay and Mr. Tower, the British charge here. The negotiations are directed towards an adjustment of the issue by a cable arrangement between the parties, though on somewhat different lines from those pursued during the spring and summer. The principals are not without hope that success may attend their efforts, and that the boundary will be settled.

USE A QUIETER STYLE.

Some Advice From An English Paper to the Belligerent Canadians.

London, July 24.—Commenting upon the debate in the Canadian parliament on Saturday regarding the Alaska boundary question, the St. James Gazette says today:

"The British air of the United States and Canada is conducive to strong words, which reveal a passion and the lips of a European statesman until an order to mobilize was on the point of issuing. Nobody thinks of war in connection with the Canadian-American dispute. Yet, since it is in us who will have to fight if Canada makes a quarrel, we must deal with one of our fellow subjects to use a quieter style."

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LIKE THE MOLLY MAGUIRES

COMPARISON IS MADE BY LAWYER IN CORCORAN CASE.

Arguments Begin In the Murder Trial at Wallace—Structures on People of Burke.

Wallace, Ida., July 24.—Arguments in the Corcoran case began this morning, J. H. Hawley opening for the state. No limit will be placed on the time and either side will be allowed only two speeches. Robertson will follow Hawley, Reddy closing for the defense and Borah for the state.

Hawley occupied the morning session with an argument on the law in its application to Corcoran's case and in the afternoon spoke for two hours detailing the evidence. The most of the time was taken up with the evidence of miners, including the Corcoran case, which contradicted evidence showed that all four unions were moving in harmony, and the other side of the case, which showed the firing line throwing out admissions, and that a reserve party to bring powder when the mill was started.

The structures on the people in Burke are severe, the evidence having shown that the structures were unnecessary, then the likelihood here to the days of the strike in Pennsylvania when strong militia would be required to bring order when the mill was started.

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